

Food Security COVID-19 Learning Event

Navigating new possibilities in a rapidly changing world

June 21 – 24, 2021 | Online

Malawi Radio (RCCE) Show

Initiating Discussions and Addressing Misinformation about the COVID-19 Vaccine

Arthur Nkosi, The Movement for Community-led Development Malawi Chapter

IVR For Empowered and Informed Decisions

Juanita Sackey and Gregory Makabila, CRS Ethiopia DFSA

Everyone must select a language!

- Click "interpretation" at the bottom of your Zoom window
- Select the language that you would like to hear: English, French or Spanish
- Please note that this feature is not available during breakout rooms

Chacun doit choisir une langue!

- Cliquez sur « interprétation » au bas de votre écran Zoom
- Sélectionnez la langue de votre choix : anglais, français ou espagnol
- Notez que cette fonction n'est pas disponible dans les groupes de discussion "breakout rooms"

¡Todos deben seleccionar un idioma!

- Clique "interpretación" en la parte de abajo de su pantalla Zoom
- Seleccione el idioma que prefiere : inglés, francés o español
- Por favor notar que esta función no es disponible en los grupos de discusión "breakout rooms"



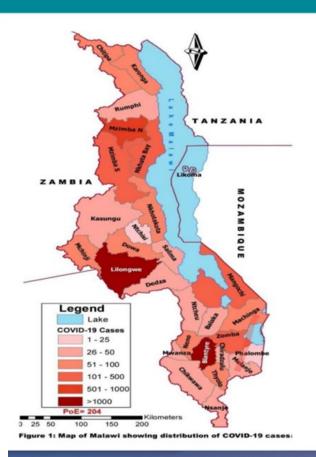


Malawi Radio (RCCE) Show

Initiating Discussions and Addressing Misinformation about the COVID-19 Vaccine

Arthur Nkosi, The Movement for Community-led Development Malawi Chapter





- End of May: 34,304 cases
- First round of vaccines (Astra Zeneca) arrived in March
- Map statistics are from February

Map Credit: UNICEF, Malawi COVID-19 Situation Report

https://www.unicef.org/media/92286/file/UNICEF-Malawi-COVID-19-Situation-Report-For-15-31-January-2021.pdf

Further COVID-19 Impact on Malawi's Food Security

- Malawi is an agriculturally-based country
- If we are going to be able to achieve food security, farmers need to be able to farm, markets need to function. This is the only way that we can become food secure. But they can't do any of that until the pandemic is over, and the pandemic is not going to be over until they are vaccinated.



The Movement for Community-led Development



- Launched in 2015
- 1500+ local CSOs
- 72 INGOs
- Working Groups



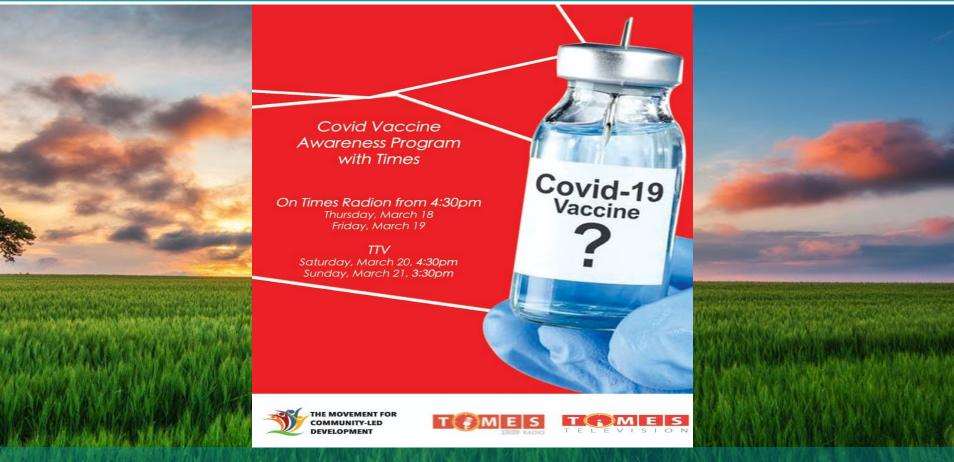
Session Goals

By the end of this session you will have:

- Heard an example of how to organize a bottom-up community response to COVID-19 with broad reach and a community feedback loop
- Heard lessons learned from organizing a dialogue with the community



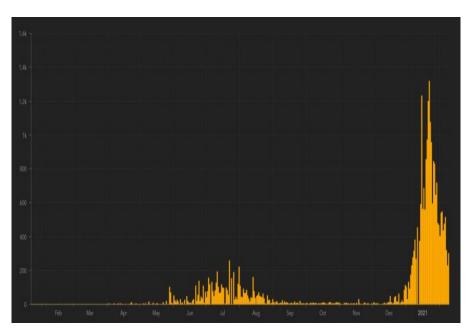
The Malawi Radio Advert



The Malawi Radio and TV Advert

The Need

- December 2020: second wave of COVID 19 hit Malawi, and our country lost several leaders.
- Fear, misconceptions, and widespread misconceptions set in
- A gap, an opportunity: we wanted to make sure that information about food security, poverty, and the vaccine were all being addressed accurately. We needed to overcome challenges with communication barriers and data collection. We mobilized our own resources to bridge the information gap that was causing citizens to resist the COVID vaccine.
- Response: A radio program in Chichewa that's our national language - on the Malawi Broadcasting Corporation (MBC Radio 1) and Times Radio stations.



Graph from UNC Institute for Global Health and Infectious Diseases Report, February 10, 2021 https://globalhealth.unc.edu/2021/02/report-from-malawi-weathering-a-second-wave-or-tsunami-of-covid-19/

Logistics

- Broadcasted five different hour-long programs to audiences from 27 of the 28 districts of the country.
- Community members submitted questions via phone call-in, SMS and WhatsApp messages. We received about 200 questions based on rumors and social media.
- How could we, people who were not vaccine experts, help convince Malawians of its safety?
 - Partnered with government, who connected us to experts
 - We created a communication cycle that started with communities and included experts and eventually the government.



Diminish disinformation and misinformation. A population that has accurate knowledge is more likely to be receptive to vaccination.



Leverage Resources. Using radio as a communication tool to disseminate information to hundreds of thousands of people across Malawi with each broadcast.



Forge Partnerships. Effectively engaging government and health experts is critical to sustainable awareness campaigns.

Outreach

- Based on feedback from local communities, the radio show broadcasts were highly successful in changing local community members' perceptions of the COVID vaccine.
- 5 broadcasts
 - o 6 am and 6 pm
- We still continue to respond to WhatsApp and SMS questions
- Malawi has a population of 19 million people in 28 districts. Our goal as Malawi Chapter of MCLD is to reach out to 95% of the districts through the radio and TV talk show, where 8/10 radio stations would collaborate with the Malawi MCLD Chapter.
- Based on feedback from the program, the Malawi government has engaged with the Malawi Chapter to incorporate the radio programs into their COVID-19 awareness program
- Only 1% of Malawi's population has been vaccinated. People need more information, we are still working with the Malawi government to assess how the radio station has impacted vaccine uptake.

We have identified 13 community radios that we hope to partner with.

- The right information needs to be continuously shared
- We have the potential to reach 13 million Malawians

2	Chanco Radio	Zomba
	D	

Radio Station

NO.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

Dzimwe Likanguka 4 Bembeke

Chisomo

Nkhotakota

Chilundu

Likoma

Mzimba

Tumtufye

Nthalire

Kasungu

Mudziwathu

Gaka

& Mangochi Dedza Salima

Nkhatabay

Likoma

Mzimba

Karonga

Chitipa

Kasungu

Mchinji

District

Nsanje

Mangochi, Salima, Dedza, Balaka

Coverage/ Reach

Dedza, Ntcheu, Neno, Lilongwe Dowa, Nkhotakota, Salima, Dedza Nkhotakota, Dwangwa, Salima, Dowa, Kasungu

Nkhotakota Likoma, Chizumulo

Nkhatabay, Nkhotakota, Mzimba

Mchinji, Lilongwe, Dowa, Kasungu

Nsanje, Chikwawa, Thyolo, Mwanza, Neno

Zomba, Machinga, Mulanje, Phalombe, Chiradzulu

Mzimba, Rumphi, Karonga, Kasungu Livingstonia, Rumphi, Karonga, Chitipa Chitipa, Karonga Mchinji, Kasungu, Ntchisi, Dowa, Lilongwe

In Summary

- Heard an example of how to organize a bottom-up community response to COVID-19 with broad reach and a community feedback loop
- Heard lessons learned from organizing a dialogue with the community





Thank you for your attention!

Visit <u>mcld.org</u> or email <u>ankosi@corpsafrica.org</u> for more information

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IVR For Empowered and Informed Decisions

Juanita and Greg from CRS Ethiopia DFSA



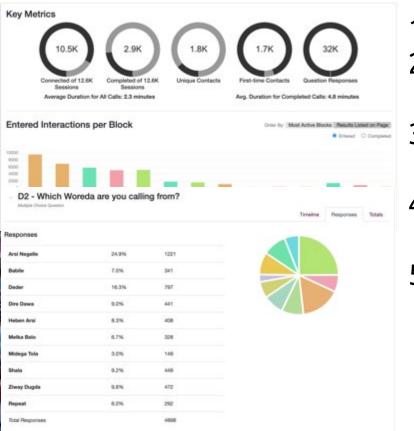
The Challenge of Reaching Rural Poor



- Rising Covid-infections in Ethiopia
- Promoted channels included social media, and radio.
- 3. Low literacy and weak internet limited access to Covid- messages.
- 4. Inaccurate and inadequate information affected perception of our clients about Covid-19.
- 5. Internal reflection and analysis led us to select IVR reach our clients.



IVR to Empower and Inform



- 1. Deployed in one week
- Phase 1: Used 6 standard covid-19 messages on IVR
- 3. Phase 2: added SMS and additional IVR messages
- 4. Measured access and understanding of messages
- 5. Dashboard for reporting and adaptive management

The Solution - Process

- IVR vs SMS
- 2. Content design for roll-out
- 3. Hotline design and promotion
- 4. Hotline live duration
- 5. Data management
- 6. Content update for phase 2 and SMS
- 7. Measuring results of messages



















Lessons Learnt and Practical Implications



- Reflect to learn (adaptive management toolkit)
- 2. Leverage on existing resources
- 3. Train clients on use of technology
- 4. Consult users to further adapt the the technology
- 5. Monitor and act when needed
- Appreciate and learn from your failures





Thank You

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